

Journal of Applied Sports Science March 2021, Volume 11, No. 1 www.jass.alexu.edu.eg

Applied Sports Science

Foreseeing the future of the sports championships sector after the Covid-19 pandemic.

Prof. Dr/ Yehia Mohamed Elhariri ⁽¹⁾, Prof. Dr/ Tarek Yaseen Abdalsamad ⁽²⁾, Prof. Dr / Asaad Ali Elkiki ⁽³⁾

- (1) Professor of Department of Physical Fitness, Gymnastics and Sports Shows -faculty of Physical Education for Boys Alexandria University Alexandria Egypt.
- (2) Professor of Sport Psychology, Department of Fundamentals of Physical Education, Faculty of sport Education for men, Alexandria University.
- (3) Professor of Sports games Faculty of Physical Education for men Alexandria University.

Abstract

The shock of COVID 19 has surprised the world and affected all walks of life. The gradual return to matches required precautionary measures that affected the nature of sports life. Based on the foregoing, it can be said that post-COVID-19 forecasting will help in making accurate decisions in light of the available data.

The purpose of this study was to Foreseeing the future of the sports championships sector after the COVID19 pandemic. The sample for the research consisted of 210 respondents from all sectors belonging to the sports field and associated with the championship sector. The search questionnaire was applied for a period of 6 weeks. The questionnaire consists of 34 statements that include four axes.-The questionnaire was distributed via Google form with a link https://forms.gle/Zxos6xnyS1dduNsB7

Conclusions: - One to two years, the expected period for the return of the sports tournaments as they were. - The sportswear and personal equipment of the players will develop. -There will be developments in the structural engineering of playgrounds to achieve health safety. - Some terms of contracts between professional players, clubs, and sports bodies will change

Keywords: (championships sector; COVID19; Foreseeing)

Introduction:

The shock of COVID 19 has surprised the world and affected all walks of life, including the sports field, which is an important and essential part of human life. The global pandemic has subjected the whole world to fundamental difficulties. The future of the championships field has suffered from a major setback that affected all its activities. Where matches, television broadcasts, advertisements, and monetary revenues have stopped.

The gradual return to matches required precautionary measures that affected the nature of sports life. This has necessitated social distancing by maintaining distances between athletes and a commitment to stay home. These measures aim to limit the spread of COVID 19 and achieve health safety. All these sudden changes affected the psychological side of all workers in the sports field. Their lives have changed as the traditional form of training and playing matches, the surrounding (lost) crowd on the field, and the paid services of many individuals have become elusive hopes. All of this has been replaced by obligations limiting personal freedom that has been the basis of the athlete's life around the world.

We believe that a Covid-19 pandemic is a unique event, and it is the largest and most prominent during the years following the Second World War, where multiple problems afflicted the economies of the sports field. These economies in which hundreds of billions of dollars move the value of the global sports industry to various economic entities, ranging from gigantic deals in tickets, hospitality, media, and sponsorship, to the small deals in a few dollars that

people earn selling food or souvenirs in front of the stadiums.

Health insurance has imposed on athletes a package of measures aimed at preventing infection, such as greatly reducing the number of athletes in matches, medical examination for COVID 19 for thousands of athletes before they are allowed to enter competitions, attention to preventive sports medicine, and international scientific cooperation seeking a health protocol that guarantees the safe return of the sport.

Therefore, we seek to see the horizon of the effects of this pandemic, on collective and individual sports activities and all related tools, equipment, clothes, stadiums, and calendars, especially international ones, such as the summer Olympic Games expected in Tokyo and postponed to 2021 and so on. By polling the opinions of a group of experts and specialists on the challenges and developments that the next few years will bring, while reducing the level of uncertainty, and then placing the results of this research in front of the policymaker with the aim of planning's future after one of the biggest global events in the modern era. Based on the foregoing, it can be said that post-COVID-19 forecasting will help in making accurate and good decisions at the lowest cost in light of the available data.

Purpose:

Foreseeing the future of the sports championships sector after the Covid-19 pandemic in the medium term.

Terms:

Covid-19 disease (WHO definition): It is an infectious disease caused by the last virus that was discovered from a strain of Coronaviruses. Covid-19 has now

- turned into a pandemic affecting many countries of the world, (3).
- The sports championships sector (procedural definition): the sector that prepares athletes to participate in national, international, or global sports competitions

Materials and Methods:

The search questionnaire was applied on an Arab and international scale for a period of 6 weeks from May 28 to July 8, 2020.

- The sample for the research consisted of 210 respondents (attached 1) from all sectors belonging to the sports field and associated with the championship sector, who work at levels ranging from national to international or Olympic in one or more of the following fields: (Sports Training Sports Administration (Civil / Military) Sports Tournaments Ph.D. Academics Sports Media Sports Marketing Sports Medicine) .
- The sample included respondents from 23 countries around the world: (Japan The United States of America Germany Italy Portugal Costa Rica Tanzania Iran England Egypt Libya Algeria Tunisia Morocco Jordan Palestine Lebanon Iraq Saudi Arabia Bahrain Oman Kuwait Syria).
- A questionnaire to Foreseeing the future of the sports championships sector after the Covid-19 pandemic.
 In preparing the questionnaire, the researchers relied

- on: Reviewing the foresight science literature as an attempt to discover problems before they occur, and then preparing early to confront new future variables. In this regard, Denis Loveridge (2009) indicates that studies Foresight place broad hopes on human horizons that are more broadly available from the tools and knowledge that we have (2: 333).
- The questionnaire consists of 34 statements that include four axes: (1.General Sports Axis-2.Psychological axis- 3.Economic axis-4.The health axis.)
- The assessment is based on five options of the "Likart" grading scales: (A- Strongly Disagree B- Disagree C-Neutral D- Agree E- Strongly Agree)
- The questionnaire was available in Arabic and English.
- Distribute the questionnaire through the Google Form by sending the electronic link https://forms.gle/Zxos6xnyS1dduNsB7 to an email or What's App.

Validity and reliability:

The validity of internal consistency was used by using the correlation coefficient between the degree of each statement and the degree of the axis in the questionnaire, as well as between the axis score and the total score of the questionnaire on An exploratory sample of (52) respondents.

Table (1)

The correlation (r) between the sentence score and the axis score in the questionnaire (N = 52)

sentence	correlation	sentence	correlation	sentence	correlation
General S	Sports Axis	13	**0.632	24	**0.656
1	*0.329	14	**0.486	25	**0.554
2	**0.515	15	**0.454	26	**0.365
3	**0.485	Psycholo	gical axis	The he	alth axis
4	*0.298	16	**0.824	27	**0.571
5	*0.275	17	**0.746	28	**0.762
6	*0.288	18	**0.934	29	**0.708
7	**0.459	19	**0.926	30	**0.599
8	**0.458	Econor	mic axis	31	**0.669
9	**0.517	20	**0.684	32	**0.703
10	**0.564	21	**0.456	33	**0.555
11	**0.590	22	**0.753	34	*0.296
12	**0.649	23	**0.720		

Table (2) the correlation between the axis score and the total score of the questionnaire (N=52)

N	axis score	correlation
1	General Sports Axis	0.790**
2	Psychological axis	0.750**
3	Economic axis	0.782**
4	Health axis	0.619**

^{*}The tabular correlation coefficient "r" was significant at the level of 0.05 = 0.273, ** at the level of 0.01 = 0.354 It is evident from Tables (1 and 2) that all correlation coefficients have significant values at the level of (0.01), which indicates the internal consistency of the list expressions.

Reliability:

To determine the reliability coefficient, the researcher used the method of re-applying the questionnaire to an exploratory sample with 22 individuals, Table No. (3). *Table (3)*

The first and second measures of the questionnaire and the reliability coefficient

first	measurem	ent	second	l measureme	ent		
	N1 = 22			N2 = 22		difference between the two averages	Reliability r
X1	SD1	SC 1	X2	SD2	SC 2		
123.55	8.36	0.46 -	124.41	8.12	0.80-	0.86	**0.89

The tabular t is at the level of 0.01 = 0.537 ** Significant at the level of 0.01

It is evident from Table (3) that the reliability coefficient (0.89), which confirms that the questionnaire is reliable.

Results:

The researchers adopted the result of the statements that were accepted or rejected by (60%) or more.

Table (4) chi square test for general sport axis phrases (n = 210)

	chi square test for general sport axis phrases (n = 210)													
N		Strongly Disagree		Disagree		Neutral		Agree			ongly gree	Total percentage	Total approval	chi
	Phrases	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	square
1	Because of COVID 19, Virtual sports will spread to partially replace physical sports	40	19.0	79	37.6	38	18.1	4	23.3	4	1.9	56.7	25.2	**68.6
2	The level of sports performance for team games (such as basketball) will be negatively affected due to COVID 19	4	1.9	17	8.1	14	6.7	119	56.7	56	26.7	10	83.3	**213.8
3	The progress rate of individual games (swimming - athletics - weightlifting) will be negatively affected due to COVID 19	12	5.7	40	19.0	16	7.6	102	48.6	40	19.0	24.8	67.6	**123.4
4	Athletes will quickly adapt to COVID19	7	3.3	55	26.2	47	22.4	84	40.0	17	8.1	29.5	48.1	**90.7
5	Does COVID 19 have any positive effects on the championship sector?	44	21.0	92	43.8	18	8.6	35	16.7	21	10.0	64.8	26.7	**85.0
6	The Tokyo Olympic Games will be held as scheduled in 2021	7	3.3	32	15.2	60	28.6	94	44.8	17	8.1	18.6	52.9	**118.5
7	The Tokyo Olympic Games in 2021 can be held without fans	27	12.9	84	40.0	44	21.0	47	22.4	8	3.8	52.9	26.2	**75.6
8	Sports tournaments will return to normal after COVID 19	After 1 vear		After 2 vears		After 3 vears		After 4 vears		After 5 vears		After 1 or 2 years	After 4 or 5 years	** 260.3
ð		114	54.3	81	38.5	14	6.7	1	0.5	0	0	92.8	0.5	

9

N			Strongly Disagree		Disagree		Neutral		Agree		ongly gree	Total percentage	Total approval	chi
	Phrases	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	square
9	COVID 19 will lead to the development of sports equipment: balls/rackets/ nets /	15	7.1	37	17.6	53	25.2	96	45.7	9	4.3	24.8	50	**116.2
10	COVID 19 will lead to the development of sportswear and personal tools	7	3.3	20	9.5	27	12.9	133	63.3	23	11.0	12.9	74.3	**251.8
11	COVID 19 will lead to the development of structural engineering for open and	6	2.9	14	6.7	23	11.0	134	63.8	33	15.7	9.5	79.5	**261.6
12	closed stadiums	4	1.9	42	20.0	38	18.1	97	46.2	29	13.8	21.9	60.0	**110.8
13	Multinational sports teams will be negatively affected (for example, the Watford soccer team in England with 20	5	2.4	11	5.2	27	12.9	120	57.1	47	22.4	7.6	79.5	**206.3
14	nationalities) due to COVID 19	4	1.9	20	9.5	18	8.6	119	56.7	49	23.3	11.4	80.0	**202.0
15	Due to COVID 19, scientific programs in academic sports institutes should be modified	1	0.5	8	3.8	12	5.7	117	55.7	72	34.3	4.3	90.0	**244.3

chi square tabular at 0.01 level = 13.27 ** significant at 0.01 level

Table (5) chi square test for psychological axis phrases (n = 210)

N		Strongly Disagree		Disagree		Neutral		Agree		Strongly Agree		Total percentage	Total approval	chi
	Phrases		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	square
16	Players' psychology will be negatively affected by fear of infection with COVID 19	2	1.0	8	3.8	12	5.7	142	67.6	46	21.9	4.8	89.5	**325.5
17	Anxiety and isolation will affect the effectiveness of the training due to COVID 19	1	0.5	16	7.6	7	3.3	142	67.6	44	21.0	8.1	88.6	**323.5
18	The social distancing associated with COVID 19 negatively affects relations between players	8	3.8	56.0	26.7	20.0	9.5	102	48.6	24	11.4	30.5	60.0	**137.1
19	The social distancing associated with COVID 19 negatively affects relations between players and coaches	8	3.8	62.0	29.5	24.0	11.0	98	46.7	18	8.6	33.3	55.2	**133.1

chi square tabular at 0.01 level = 13.27 ** significant at 0.01 level

Table (6) chi square test for Economic axis phrases (n = 210)

•			ngly gree		gree		itral	,	gree		ongly gree	Total percentage	Total approval	.1.1
N 	Phrases	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	chi square
20	The social distancing associated with COVID 19 negatively affects celebrations of different sport events	1	0.5	8	3.8	13	6.2	132	62.9	56	26.7	4.3	89.5	**285.1
21	The social distancing associated with COVID 19 negatively affects administrative work in the sports field(teams/clubs /federations / Olympic committees /)	1	0.5	46	21.9	19	9.0	116	55.2	28	13.3	22.4	68.6	**188.0
22	Some clauses of contracts between professional players, clubs and various sporting organizations will change because of COVID 19	2	1.0	11	5.2	18	8.6	133	63.3	46	21.9	6.2	85.2	**272.2
23	Some advertising contract items between athletes and commercial institutions such as (Coca-Cola - Vodafone – Adidas) will be changed because of COVID 19	5	2.4	17	8.1	35	16.7	115	54.8	38	18.1	10.5	72.9	**175.9
24	Insurance companies will change some clauses of their future contracts with players because of COVID 19	2	1.0	13	6.2	21	10.0	133	63.3	41	19.5	7.1	82.9	**265.8
25	Because of COVID 19, the gains and enjoyment of popular sports like soccer will be reduced as they will be played without fans.	2	1.0	13	6.2	10	4.8	122	58.1	63	30.0	7.1	88.1	**245.4

chi square tabular at 0.01 level = 13.27 ** significant at 0.01 level

Table (7) chi square test the health axis phrases (n = 210)

N	Phrases		Strongly Disagree		Disagree		Neutral		Agree		ongly gree	Total percentage	Total approval	ahi
			%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	chi square
26	Some international sports bodies will seek financial compensation from China, as COVID 19 started in the city of Wuhan, causing huge losses to them.	2	9.5	73	34.8	78	37.1	28	13.3	11	5.2	44.3	18.6	**92.8

N			ngly gree	Disa	gree	Net	ıtral	Ag	gree		ongly gree	Total percentage	Total approval	chi square
	Phrases	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	of disapproval	percent age	
27	Smart cities will play an important role in reducing the spread of COVID 19 among athletes through digitalized systems with an ID for every player.	3	1.4	6	2.9	42	20.0	126	60.0	33	15.7	4.3	75.7	**237.0
28	In the presence of COVID 19, the athlete's nutritional components will change to include an increase in immune-acquisition foods	1	0.5	3	1.4	13	6.2	112	53.3	81	38.6	1.9	91.9	**249.1
29	In the presence of COVID 19, nutritional supplements will be added or increased in athletes' food	2	1.0	32	15.2	37	17.6	91	43.3	48	22.9	16.2	66.2	**99.1
30	The discovery of COVID 19 vaccination and/or treatment will lead to a return to sporting life just as it was before the pandemic	3	1.4	21	10.0	40	19.0	79	37.6	67	31.9	11.4	69.5	**94.3
31	Attention to preventive sports medicine will increase due to COVID 19	1	0.5	2	1.0	9	4.3	107	51.0	91	43.3	1.4	94.3	**261.8
32	Because of COVID 19, international scientific cooperation will increase to find a protocol to secure the safe return of the international sport	1	0.5	1	0.5	7	3.3	119	56.7	82	39.0	1.0	95.7	**288.5

chi square tabular at 0.01 level = 13.27 ** significant at 0.01 level

Tables No. (4, 5, 6, and 7) show the chi-square test, where significant differences were found between the frequency of responses at the level of (0.01), in the answer to no agreement or agreement in all axes:

General Sports Axis:

- The level of athletic performance in team games will be negatively affected by Covid 19 with an approval rate (83.3%), which is more than that achieved in digital .individuality (swimming weightlifting ...) and with approval (67.7%) only
- The respondents saw that Covid 19 does not have any positive effect on heroic sport by (64.8%).
- It is believed that sports championships will return to normal after Covid 19 within 1 to 2 years (92.8%).
- COVID 19 will lead to the development of sportswear and personal tools for players with approval (74.3%), and the development of structural engineering for open and closed stadiums with approval (79.4%).
- Affected by COVID 19, scientific programs in academic sports institutes must be modified with approval (79.5%).
- Covid-19 will increase the role of information technology to protect athletes infection by an approval rate (90%)

The psychological axis:

Fear of COVID 19 will cause a negative effect on the psyche of the players, and affect the effectiveness of sports training with close approval (89.5%) and (88.6%). We believe that various recreation inside the home is an important way out to mitigate the negative effects and anxiety referred to, and in this regard, Eman Abdulaziz points out (2020) referred to the appropriate activities for university youth while staying at home due to the COVID 19 pandemic and to the importance of designing recreational programs that suit their preferences during study breaks in emergency circumstances, (1:56).

The economic axis:

The social distancing associated with COVID 19 negatively affects celebrations of various sporting events and administrative work in the sports field (teams/clubs /federations / ...) with two approval rates (89.5% and 68.6%).

- Some contract clauses will change between professional players and clubs and various sports organizations, commercial advertising institutions, insurance companies; Due to COVID 19, with approval rates (85.2%, 72.9%, 82.9%).
- The absence of spectators from stadiums, especially as densely populated as football, for fear of COVID 19, will lead to a reduction in financial gains and entertainment by an approval rate (88.1%).
- It should be noted that the sports industry provides at its lowest estimates, up - to 700 billion dollars annually, or 1% of the international gross product (4).

The health axis:

Smart cities will play an important role in limiting the spread of COVID 19 among athletes through systems based on digitization, with a digital ID for every player in the (ID) sector of the tournament with approval (75.7%). In this regard, Denis Loveridge (2009) indicates that Foresight led to the emergence of knowledge societies, sustainable development, and high-tech applications such as (biotechnology, artificial intelligence, nanotechnology, and others), (2: 331).

- For resistance to COVID 19, the athlete's diet will include immune gain types and nutritional supplements with an approval rate (91.9% and 66.2%).
- The discovery of vaccination and/or treatment for COVID 19 will lead to the return of sports life as it was before the pandemic, with an approval rate (69.5%).
- The interest in preventive sports medicine due to COVID 19 will increase, with an approval rate (94.3%), and medical protocols will reduce the personal freedom of workers in the sports field with the approval of (64.3%).
- Due to COVID 19, international scientific cooperation will increase to find a health protocol to ensure the safe return of international sport, with approval (95.7%).

Conclusions:

- One to two years, the expected period for the return of the sports tournaments as they were before the occurrence of the outbreak.
- The very large numbers of athletes participating in major tournaments such as the Olympiad are the major obstacle to the return of these demonstrations to normal before the emergence of COVID 19.
- Amending programs in academic and sports institutions is a necessity imposed by the Covid-19 pandemic.
- There will be developments in the structural engineering of outdoor and indoor playgrounds to achieve health safety.
- The sportswear and personal equipment for the players will develop due to COVID 19
- The psychological component of the players will be negatively affected by fear of COVID 19 disease.
- Some terms of contracts between professional players, clubs, and sports bodies will change due to COVID 19.
- Insurance companies will change some of their futures contracts for players due to COVID 19.
- The components of the athlete's diet will change to include an increase in the types that raise immunity to prevent COVID 19.

References:

- Iman Abdel Aziz Abdel Wahab (2020): A survey study of the recreational activities that university youth practice
 during the study break due to the emerging corona virus, Scientific Journal of Sports Science and Arts, College of
 Physical Education for Girls, Helwan University, Egypt, Volume 26, Issue 26, pg 56.
- 2. **Denis Loveridge** (2009): Foresight: The art and science of anticipating the future, Routledge New York and London.
- 3. https://www.who.int/ar -2019/
- 4. https://www.mugtama.com